

1. Sheet and plate glass

of India

244/IV

EXTRAORDINARY PART I—Section 1

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 186] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1952

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 26th April 1952

Subject.—Import Trade Control—Established Importers—Registration of Quotas— Simplification of licensing procedure.

No. 45-ITC(PN)/52.—Importers are aware that with a view to simplifying the existing procedure for governing the issue of quota licences to established importers, a scheme of Quota Registration for Miscellaneous Hardware was published in Commerce and Industry Public Notice No. 173-ITC(PN)/51 dated the 24th October 1951. It has now been decided to extend the scheme to the following commodities:—

1. Bitest and place Bittie		/
2. Glass table ware excluding glass tumblers.		245/IV
3. Glass and glassw. c, NO,S		248/1V
4. (i) Electric bulbs for torches.		250/IV
(ii) Electric lighting bulbs excluding electric bulbs for torches	<u> </u>	
(a) General lighting service lamps upto 500 watts,)
(b) Train lighting lamps,		i
(c) Studio & Projector lamps of B.S. specification of 1975 of 1943 and 1522 of 1949.		38A/II
(d) Lamps other than General lighting service lamps upto 500 watts, train lighting, Studio & Projector lamps.)
(iii) Flourescent tubes.		
5, (a) Domestic Hardware and stoves made of aluminium.		267/IV
(b) Domestic hardware and stoves not made of aluminium.		268/IV
6. Safety razor blades.		277/IV
7. Motor vehicle parts.		293, 295
•	ar	nd 297/IV
8. Motor cycles.		294/IV
9. Cycles,		300/IV
10. Cycle parts.		301/IV
11. Paint and Varnish brushes.		321/IV
12. Toilet brushes.		322/IV
13. Brushes all sorts, excluding paint and Varnish brushes,		
toilet brushes and brooms.	•••	324/IV
4 ACCOR 3		

- 2. All quota certificates which have been issued in respect of the items mentioned above will be deemed to be cancelled for purposes of future quota licensing in respect of these items commencing from the licensing period July—December 1952.
- 3. Established importers of these items are now required to get their quota entitlement registered by adducing evidence to establish their past imports on which they rely. For this purpose they should furnish:—
 - (a) A statement (in quadruplicate) in the form given in Annexure 'A' to this Public Notice, of past imports effected by them in any one financial year ending March, in the basic period 1945/46 to 1950/51. It is necessary that the complete information required in the said form should be furnished and that the correctness of the particulars given should be certified by a Registered/Chartered Accountant. In this connection attention is invited to the instructions given in Annexure 'B' to this Public Notice. The concession granted to Established importers in para 1(ii) of Public Notice No. 109 dated the 23rd June, 1951 will also be available for purposes of claiming basic imports from countries with which trade was interrupted during the war.
 - (b) It is essential that statements in form 'A' should be accompanied by the following documentary evidence:—
 - (i) Triplicate copies of the Customs Bills of Entry for home consumption, or in the case of goods bonded on arrival, copies of the original 'into-bond' bills of entry duly certified by the Customs authorities. In the case of duty free goods imported in any port or of goods of any kind imported at Calcutta, the exchange control copies of the Bills of Entry will be accepted instead of the triplicate copies. The relevant involves should accompany the bills of entry. Where in respect of goods imported at Calcutta, the exchange control copies are not available with the importers, Customs duty receipts together with invoices attested by Customs may be produced, and
 - (ii) In respect of imports by post:-
 - (a) Postal declaration forms and customs duty receipts with relevant invoices, or
 - (b) Postal declaration forms with relevant invoices and bank drafts.
 - Note.—In view of the difficulties which importers may experience in producing the postal declaration forms or customs duty receipts it has been decided that where these documents are not available in respect of past imports made by post, the following documents will be accepted namely:—
 - (i) Bills of Exchange.
 - (ii) Banker's Memoranda of Payment.
 - (III) Relative invoices attested by a Custom's Appraiser.
 - (c) In view of the policy decision announced in sub-para (1) of Part 1 of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry's Public Notice No. 109-ITC(PN)/51, dated the 23rd June, 1951, it is necessary for a party claiming licences as an established importer to prove that they had imported goods falling under the same Serial No. and part of the I.T.C. Schedule in any one financial year after 1945-46 and including the financial year 1951-62, other than the year on the basis of which a quota is clalmed. For this purpose, it will suffice if parties enclosure with their application in form 'A' one or two triplicate copies of Bills of entry relating to imports made in the other year.
- 4. The applications for registration of quotas will on receipts be examined and applicants will be advised in due course of the Registration No. allotted to them and their quota entitlement. In all future applications for quota licences, commencing with the licensing period July—December, 1952, established importers of the items specified in para 1 will be required to quote in their application the Registration No. allotted to them under the scheme, and it will not be necessary to resubmit the documents relating to their past imports.
- 5. Applications for registration of quotas as described in the preceding paras should be made to the Joint Chief Controller of Imports, Calcutta, complete in all respects together with the required documents, in a registered cover (Acknowledgement Due) and superscribed as follows:—

 - 6. The last date for the receipt of these applications is the 30th May, 1952.

ANNEXURE 'A' TO PUBLIC NOTICE No. 45-ITC(PN) '52 DATED THE 26TH APRIL, 1952, (Established Importers' Register)

Registration No.	Part & S. N E.I. of LT.C. Schedule	of i	it letter firms' ame.		Address	rm and nich the stabliahed		the BE SUBMIT JADRUPLICA	TED IN	tter of
Currency area and statement).	l'or specific cou	untry (or c	ountires as	per details	in the	Part and S. N under S. No. o I.T.C. Schee Description of Year in which were first mad	of the lule. goods imports			
Particulars of Bill of Entry etc.,— (i) Bill of Entry Cas (duty paid) dat of Home Consu- of Entry. (ii) Manifest No. & case of duty fre (iii) Bond No. and of pect of bonded bond green bills to be taken into (iv) Post parcel 'B' No of importation.	sh No. and e in respect mption Bill date in the e articles. late in res- goods (ex- of entry not account)	C.I.F. value as shown in the invoices and accepted by the Customs.	Detailed description of goods (as shown in the Bulls of Entry) imported.	in the Bill of Entry, or place of		1950, for g	oods falling number in	under iss ques- fo	orts made age sued since Ju or goods fallin erial number	nuary 1950, ig under the
No. of Date	(b) of ortation.					No. & date of licence.	Value of licence.	No. and date of licence.	Value of imports made (C.I.F. Re.	No. and date of Bill of Entry and/or other recognised documents.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Registered in the C.C.I's. Office For Chief Controller of Imports.

*To be filled in by Auditors practising in Part 'B' States who are not members of the Institute of Chartered Accountants, India.

†This should be filled up in cases where a particular item is allowed imports from a specified country under Trade Agreement.

ANNEXURE 'B' TO PUBLIC NOTICE NO 45-ITC(PN)/52 DATED THE 26TH APRIL, 1952.

INSTRUCTIONS TO AUDITORS

- 1. The value of imports should be collected from Bills of Entry and relative invoices as accepted by Customs and should be the c.i.f. value.
- 2. In the case of imports by parcel post, importation—should be verified by reference to the postal vouchers and postal stamp marking on the consignment.
- 3. For the purpose of calculating total imports during a financial year, the date of importation should be taken as the date in the oval stamps that are affixed to the triplicate copies of Customs Bills of Entry from Home Consumption. In the case of postal parcels the date assigned to the Way Bill by the Post Office should be regarded as the date of importation.
- 4. Figures of imports of the articles concerned made in contravention of the Import Trade Control Regulations. i.e., without valid import licence where necessary, should not be included as no credit can be given for this in the calculation of quotas.
- 5. Figures of imports of articles concerned made against letters of authority should not be included for the purpose of calculating basic year's imports.
- 6. Figures of imports of the articles concerned made under hiences granted against specific orders of D.G.S.&D (previous D.G.I.&S.) or of the Government Railways, should not be included for the purposes of calculating basic year's imports.
- 7. Figures of imports made against licences granted as 'Actual Users' should not be included for calculation of basic year's imports.

Sub.—Imports of Belting

- No. 46-ITC(PN)/52.—In amplification of the licensing policy for belting announced in Public Notice No. 3-ITC(PN)/52, dated the 12th January 1952, it has been decided that the quota for Hair belting should be allowed on weight basis and not by value. The limiting factor will be quantity by weight, but the importer should furnish information about the value also.
- 2. The description "Endless Flat Belting" against sub-item (vii) should be read as "Endless Flat Belts". Licences for this item will be granted on the basis of a quota of 10 per cent, of half of best year's imports of all types of belting other than cotton, hair or leather belting.
- 3. The description "Endless Cone drew Belts" against sub-item (viii) should be read as "Endless Cone drum Belts (for Slubbing and roving frame)".
- 4. Against sub-item (ix) the description "Endless made up machine belting" should be read as "Endless made up machine belts not otherwise specified".

- 5. The description "Endless" means that the belts are without any joint what-soever and will not cover belting cut to sizes and joined subsequently, import of the latter type of belts or belting will not be permissible against licences for "Endless Belts" of the type, mentioned in sub-tents (vii), (viii) and (ix).
- 6. Against licences granted for Steel Belt lacing under sub-item (xv), imports of Belt lacing machines can be made subject to the condition that the value of Belt lacing machines does not exceed 10 per cent. of c.i.f. value of Steel Belt lacing actually imported.
- 7. Applications for licences for increased quotas in terms of this Public Notice can be made in the form and manner prescribed in the Red Book so as to reach Joint Chief Controller of Imports, Calcutta, on or before the 26th May 1952. Applications received after that date will not be considered.

Sub.-Tipping wagons and Locumotive wagons-Licensing Policy of

- No. 47-ITC(PN)/52.—It has been decided that soft currency licences should be granted for the import of Tipping wagons and Locomotive wagons falling under Serial No. 49 & 50 of Part-II of the Import Trade Control Schedule.
- 2. Soft currency licences will be granted to the established Importers on a quota of 100 per cent, of half of best year's imports to cover the needs of the full year 1952 and no separate deences will be issued for the July-December 1952 period. Applications from actual users will also be considered.
- 3. Applications should be made in the prescribed form and manner so as to reach the Office of the Joint Chief Controller of imports, Calcutta on or before the 15th June 1952.

L. K. JHA, Joint Secy